

READ FOR AUSTRALIA Part of National Literacy and Numeracy Week 29 July – 4 August 2013 Notes for Years 4-5

Children learn through the Arts. We are 'wired' for this, just as we are 'wired' for enjoying a narrative. It is the way we make meaning. Immersing children in quality Arts experiences changes life chances. (Robyn Ewing, 2013)

Links to the Australian Curriculum

Understand that the meaning of sentences can be enriched through the use of noun groups/phrases and verb groups/phrases and prepositional phrases (ACELA1493)

Discuss how authors and illustrators make stories exciting, moving and absorbing and hold readers' interest by using various techniques, for example character development and plot tension (ACELT1605)

Present a point of view about particular literary texts using appropriate metalanguage, and reflecting on the viewpoints of others (ACELT1609)

Plan, rehearse and deliver presentations for defined audiences and purposes incorporating accurate and sequenced content and multimodal elements (ACELY1700)

This lesson sequence could be a day long focus or used across a period of time. The details of activities can be found below the lesson sequence.

SEEKING UNDERSTANDING		RESPONDING	
Process Drama	Visual Literacy	Creating and composing	
Learning Intention: Reveal and understand the ideas and techniques Gus Gordon addresses and uses in his book. (Unpack the question for students using arrows to explain verb references to nouns). • Museum - in pairs children have the role of a "sculptor" and the "thinking clay". The sculptor directs the clay into freeze frames. They respond to various aspects of the book. (Herman playing his oboe, Rosie singing at the Club) Freeze frames hold pose to form a "Museum" for viewing. Swap roles.	 Find a snippet of a jazz ensemble (with an oboe) and view without volume. Predict what the music may sound like. Listen to the music and discuss the predictions. Visual Literacy - Discuss the layout and organisation of the pages for proximity, direction and position e.g. position of the duck in the club. Using the language of viewing, discuss techniques used in the 	Allocate groups to do the numbered activities below. Children individually record responses as the book is read to them. Scaffold by prompting students to record relevant information. Children get into their groups and pool responses. Display results creatively. 1. Create a Venn diagram that identifies the similarities and differences between Herman and Rosie. 2. Record precious words and expressions, lonely words and	
The Meeting – children come together in character and improvise possible conversations and solutions.	 to the story. e.g. shots, movement, vectors, angles, colour. Discuss visual aspects of the book and add to the discovery chart. 	items in the collage e.g. broccoli, Jacques Cousteau references • 6 Word Story – using only 6 words, sum up the picture book story of Herman and Rosie.	

 Sound scape – a conductor leads children to recreate sounds of the story using voice or body percussion. Volume is controlled with hand gestures e.g. loud for a raised hand, silence when the conductor's hand is on the floor. Freeze Theme – mould a partner into a pose that captures a main idea in the book Herman and Rosie. Sculptor explains his or her artwork. This may lead to a deeper understanding of the theme and 6 word story. 	Finale (and assessment) Using some of the techniques a a collage about yourself and yourself an	nd ideas that Gus Gordon uses, make ur passions. Make the setting
Artefacts / building background knowledge Records Maps Billboards Newspapers Postcards Play Jazz oboe http://www.youtube.com/watch? v=cADg2xg8P30		

Seeking Understanding Responding **Process Drama Visual Literacy** Creating and composing **Sound scape** – a conductor leads **Discovery Chart** – keep track of **Role- on-the-Wall** – draw the silhouette of Herman and Rosie each new discovery every time and label characteristics of each. Build on this as you re-read children to recreate sounds of the story using voice or body you read the book e.g. find the the book. percussion. Volume is controlled treble clef, inclusion of real with hand gestures e.g. loud for a items in the collage e.g. Timeline Collage – create a timeline of events with newspaper. Decorate with real life objects. Follow up with **Performance** raised hand, silence when the broccoli, How many reference conductor's hand is on the floor. to Jacques Cousteau are there? Carousel (refer to Process Drama). Choose your favourite illustration. Explain why this is your Role play – students mime the Discuss how Gus Gordon builds story as it is read. the story through graffiti. favourite picture. Identify the mediums used and create your own illustration. Support this activity with a written Performance Carousel (after What can we learn from the explanation of the features of the illustration. timeline) Children act out the illustrations about the era, the Musical notes – what words would you put to music? Are they timeline without interruption. city and the characters? groovy? Will they be remembered? Pick one word/phrase and show it Spatial awareness – Discuss the with your body as a freeze and / or Read the book, with a "lens" for all the musical references. layout and organisation of the act it out and say the word e.g. pages for proximity, direction Present them as a musical score on a treble stave. Can you find loneliness. and position such as the duck in the treble clef on each page? the club. Beautiful words and phrases, Using the language of viewing, What are the themes of Herman and Rosie? precious expressions, lonely words discuss techniques used in the illustrations and how they add and phrases. Write the conversation between Rosie and Herman on the to the story. e.g. shots, rooftop.

movement, vectors, angles,

Museum - in pairs children have

the role of a "sculptor" and the "thinking clay". The sculptor directs the clay into freeze frames. They respond to various aspects of the book. (Herman playing his oboe, Rosie singing at the Club) Freeze frames hold pose to form a "Museum" for viewing. Swap roles.

- Hot Seating become a character and respond to interview questions.
- Mantle of the Expert children take on the role of a specialist and advise on the situation e.g. the Club owner, the Boss, a best friend.
- Walk in Someone else's Shoes –
 Children, in roles, are asked to
 speak aloud their thoughts and
 feelings in response to events in
 the book e.g. Herman losing his
 job, the Hot Dog seller.
- The Meeting children come together in character and improvise possible conversations and solutions.

colour.

- Map reading focus on the key, routes and supporting the text
- How do the billboards add to the story?

- Create a sound wall that represents your place
- Create a Venn diagram that identifies the similarities and differences
- Compare and contrast their apartments
- Writing postcards one home from NYC using all the visual landmarks.
- Inquiring into who is Jacques Cousteau?
- If you had to buy a gift for Herman or Rosie what would you buy and why?
- Make a list of 3-5 of your favourite things. Then find a partner who has similar interests. Make a game of this activity
- What makes Rosie and Herman connect?
- Write the next chapter of the story.
- Poetry about the themes of the book: loneliness, living in a city, serendipity, friendship, and music.
- Identify the onomatopoeia used by Gus Gordon.
- Plan some strategies of how Herman and Rosie might have found someone with similar interests.
- Create an advertising flyer for their gig.

Speaking Objects – select an	Write a review of their gig.
object from a scene and speak	
about the event or characters as	 What's the appeal of the book?
an eye witness. E.g. the TV, the	
lamp post.	

Notes by Jenny Faul

Jenny Faul has had a range of teaching experiences including Solomon Islands, Christmas Island and down town Canberra. She is an exemplary classroom teacher and for the last 7 years has been working with students at risk, coaching and mentoring teachers. Currently Jenny is the Literacy Coach at Turner School, ACT.